## Consent Required by the Marriage Act 1949 to the Marriage of a Minor

Persons proposing to Marry	
Name	Name
Address	Address
	eaf Before Completing this Form
(insert name in full)  bove named	being the father of the
and being a person whose consent to h marriage is requ	ired by law, do hereby give my consent to h marriage to the
other person named above.	
Signed	Date
Address	
n the presence of	(Signature of Witness
Address of Witness	
Consent of Mother or Adoptive Mother	
and being a person whose consent to h marriage is requother person named above.  Signed	who is years of age uired by law, do hereby give my consent to h marriage to the Date
10000	
	(Signature of Witness
n the presence of	(Signature of Witness
In the presence of	(Signature of Witness
Address of Witness  Consent of Any Other Person Required by Lav  I, (insert name in full) am a person whose consent to the marriage of	(Signature of Witness
Address of Witness  Consent of Any Other Person Required by Lav  (insert name in full) arm a person whose consent to the marriage of s required by law, do hereby give my consent to h mar	(Signature of Witness  w by virtue of a
Address of Witness  Consent of Any Other Person Required by Lav  (insert name in full) am a person whose consent to the marriage of	(Signature of Witness
Address of Witness  Consent of Any Other Person Required by Lav  I, (insert name in full) am a person whose consent to the marriage of	(Signature of Witness  wby virtue of a

## Parental responsibility

"Parental responsibility" is defined as "all the rights, duties, powers, responsibilities and authority which by law a parent has in relation to a child and his property"

Where the child's father and mother were married to each other at the time of the birth, they both have parental responsibility for the child. The consent of both parents will be required unless the Court has granted a custody order I in proceedings instigated prior to 14 October 1991), made a residence order (after 14 October 1991) or in circumstances where the child os or has been subject of a care order.

A person whose father and mother were married to each other at the time of his birth includes:

- a. a person who is treated as legitimate by virtue of section 1 of the Legitimacy Act 1976; or
- b. a person who is a legitimated person within the meaning of section 10 of the Legitimacy Act 1976; or
- c. a person who is an adopted child within the meaning of Part 1V of the Adoption Act 1976; or
- d. a person who is otherwise treated in law as legitimate.

Where the child's father and mother were not married to each other the mother only has parental responsibility (subject to any care or residence orders in force). The father may, however, also (in addition to the mother) acquire parental responsibility in the following ways:

- a. by applying to the court for a parental responsibility order; or
- b. by applying to the court for a residence order (in which case the court will also be required to make a parental responsibility order.); or
- by making with the mother a formal parental responsibility agreement and filing a copy with the Principal Registry of the Family Division of the High Court at Somerset House; or
- d. where his particulars are recorded in a entry of birth registered or re-registered after 1 December 2003 on the joint information of both parents or on the information of one with a statutory declaration acknowledging paternity from the other parent.

A person who has acquired parental responsibility shall cease to have that responsibility only if the court so orders.

## Orders made by the court

Any order made by the court with regard to parental consent should be referred to the General Register Office (Marriages and Civil Partnerships) for advice.