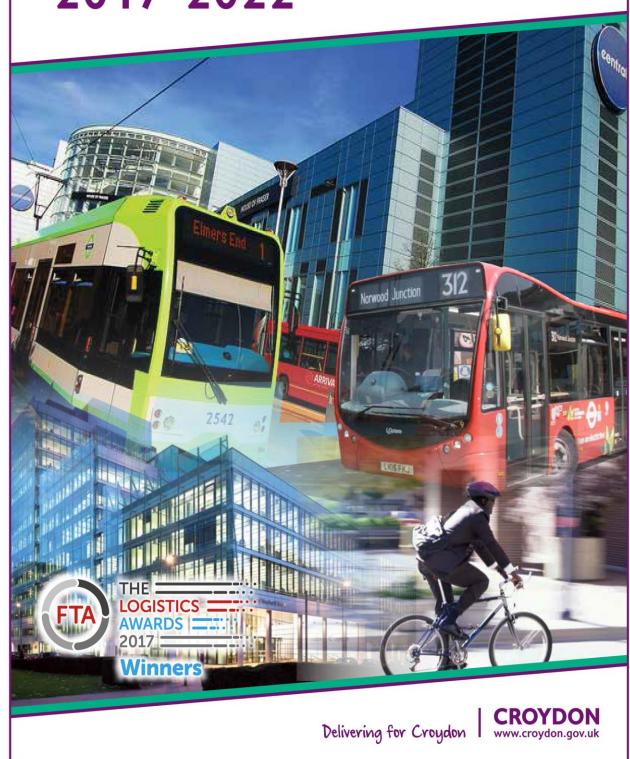
LONDON BOROUGH OF CROYDON

# Air Quality Action Plan 2017-2022



## **Foreword**

One of the most significant challenges of air pollution within Croydon, London and the rest of the country is that now we can rarely see it, taste it or smell it. Gone are those epic "peasoupers" of the 1950's where our air pollution was clearly visible. They have, over the years, been replaced with a much more subtle, yet perhaps even more harmful, type of pollution; the invisible pollutants of nitrogen dioxide and the microscopic particulate matter that are harming all of us and contributing to early deaths.

Croydon is committed to improving air quality within its borough; this document is a new five year plan that builds on existing successful actions and develops new proposed actions to improve air quality.

Croydon pioneered the airTEXT service - this was the first of its kind in Europe. It is a free service that provides air quality alerts to vulnerable people such as those with asthma and heart and lung conditions. We were the first London borough to implement enforcement of idling vehicles and we will continue to carry out raising awareness at hotspot areas.

Our key priorities over the next five years are controlling pollution from new developments by tackling emissions from construction sites and construction vehicles, tackling emissions from servicing and freight vehicles, reducing exposure to air pollution, and raising awareness for residents and those who work in Croydon. By working with Public Health England we want to raise awareness through school projects, local community projects and local businesses.

In addition to our actions the London Mayor Sadiq Khan launched plans for the toughest crackdown on the most polluting vehicles by any major city around the world. This includes introducing the central London Ultra-Low Emission Zone one year earlier in 2019. He has made it clear that air quality is one of his top priorities. With nearly 10,000 people dying early every year in London due to exposure to air pollution, cleaning up London's toxic air is a major public health challenge that we must all seek to address.

There is a role for all to improve our air quality - internationally, nationally, in industry and business, and in local authorities working together across London with the Mayor, GLA and Transport for London. Individually we all have a role to play in tackling air pollution through driving less and walking and cycling more.

The Croydon Air Quality Action Plan sets out how Croydon Council plans to work with all partners and local communities to improve the air quality here in Croydon. This is often presented as something so big that it cannot be readily changed however we all need to do something different.

I hope that you read this document and do or stop doing something that contributes to the improvement of air quality here in Croydon.

Together we can make a difference.

<u>Councillor Stuart King Cabinet Member for Transport &</u> Environment

## **Progress on Air Quality Action Plan 2012 - 2017**

This Air Quality Action Plan (AQAP) has been produced as part of our duty to London Local Air Quality Management. It outlines the action we will take to improve air quality in Croydon between 2017-2022.

This action plan replaces the previous action plan which ran from 2012 - 2017. Highlights of successful projects delivered through the past action plan include:

- Low Emission Strategies
  - o Car Club Zip car
    - The council have contracted Zipcar to operate pool cars for council staff use.
    - The fleet size is 23 vehicles compared to 6 at the beginning of the pilot scheme
    - The number of Croydon residents registered on the scheme continues to steadily increase the current number is 1638.

## Electric Vehicle Charging Points (EVCPs)

 Currently there is a network of 47 EVCPs both in council surface car parks and off street.

## Idling Vehicles

- o Installed 20 idling vehicles signs at schools across the borough
- Continued to carry out awareness-raising and enforcement patrols for vehicles idling unnecessarily targeting sensitive area like schools and bus stands.

## Air Quality and Freight

- Croydon developed Best Practice guidance on developing Construction Logistics Plan. Now embedded in planning system. All developments require a Construction Logistics Plan. The plans are monitored by the construction compliance officer.
- A standard condition is attached to all developments where Delivery and Servicing Plans are required
- Night-time deliveries. Croydon have been working with TfL and successfully set up night time deliveries with 4 Tesco Stores. Croydon also participate in TfL's re-timing of deliveries working group

#### • Clean Air 4 Schools

 We have successfully delivered a 6 week 'Clean Air 4 Schools' project in 6 primary schools in the borough.

## • Emissions from construction and demolition sites

Developed a Croydon Town Centre Construction Logistics Plan 2014-2019

## • Breath Better Together campaign

 This was launched by the London Mayor in 2015. The aim of the campaign is to encourage people to make small behavioural changes that can make a positive impact on air quality and is particularly aimed at younger people and families.

Air pollution is associated with a number of adverse health impacts, it is recognised as a contributing factor in the onset of heart disease and cancer. Additionally, air pollution particularly affects the most vulnerable in society: children and older people, and those with heart and lung conditions. There is also often a strong correlation with equalities issues, because areas with poor air quality are also often the less affluent areas<sup>1,2</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Environmental equity, air quality, socioeconomic status and respiratory health, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Air quality and social deprivation in the UK: an environmental inequalities analysis, 2006.

The annual health costs to society of the impacts of air pollution in the UK is estimated to be roughly £15 billion<sup>3</sup>. Croydon is committed to reducing the exposure of people in Croydon to poor air quality in order to improve health.

We have developed actions that can be considered under six broad topics:

- Emissions from developments and buildings: emissions from buildings account for about 15% of the NO<sub>X</sub> emissions across London so are important in affecting NO<sub>2</sub> concentrations:
- Public health and awareness raising: increasing awareness can drive behavioural change to lower emissions as well as to reduce exposure to air pollution;
- **Delivery servicing and freight**: vehicles delivering goods and services are usually light and heavy duty diesel-fuelled vehicles with high primary NO<sub>2</sub> emissions;
- **Borough fleet actions**: our fleet includes light and heavy duty diesel-fuelled vehicles such as mini buses and refuse collection vehicles with high primary NO<sub>2</sub> emissions. Tackling our own fleet means we will be leading by example;
- **Localised solutions**: these seek to improve the environment of neighbourhoods through a combination of measures; and
- Cleaner transport: road transport is the main source of air pollution in London. We need to incentivise a change to walking, cycling and ultra-low emission vehicles (such as electric) as far as possible.

## Our priorities are:

- To control emissions from new developments. Tackling emissions from construction sites and construction vehicles through compliance with the Council's Town Centre Construction Logistics Plan.
- Tackling emissions due to servicing and freight vehicles, and so have completed a
  feasibility in reducing deliveries to the Council and also investigate setting up a delivery
  consolidation centre in congestions with other South London Boroughs
- To reduce exposure to air pollution and to raise awareness for residents and those who work in Croydon. By working with Public Health we want to raise awareness through school projects, local community projects and local businesses.

You will see in this report that we have worked hard to engage with stakeholders and communities which can make a difference to air quality in the borough. We would like to thank all those who have worked with us in the past and we look forward to working with you again as well with new partners as we deliver this new action plan over the coming years.

In this AQAP we outline how we plan to effectively use local levers to tackle air quality issues within our control.

However, we recognise that there are a large number of air quality policy areas that are outside of our influence (such as Euro standards, national vehicle taxation policy, taxis and buses), and so we will continue to work with and lobby regional and central government on policies and issues beyond Croydon's influence.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Defra. Air Pollution: Action in a Changing Climate, March 2010

## **RESPONSIBILITIES AND COMMITMENT**

This AQAP was prepared by the pollution team, Place department of Croydon council with the support and agreement of the following officers and departments:

- Croydon Transport Services
- Strategic Transport team
- Public Health
- Healthy Schools
- Planning and Regeneration
- Procurement
- Housing

This AQAP has been approved by: Councillor King cabinet member for transport and environment

The first consultation phase was carried out on the 26<sup>th</sup> June 2017 to the 21<sup>st</sup> August 2017. Following the consultation process assessed the responses before finalising the action plan and presenting to the cabinet for final approval. Following approval the final draft was consulted on from 4 December 2017 to 5 February 2018.

This AQAP will be subject to an annual review and appraisal of progress. Progress each year will be reported in the Annual Status Reports produced by Croydon, as part of our statutory London Local Air Quality Management duties.

The most recent version of our AQAP will be available on the council's website and also the Love Clean Air website (lovecleanair.org)

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# <u>Abbreviations</u>

AQAP Air Quality Action Plan

AQMA Air Quality Management Area

AQO Air Quality Objective

BEB Buildings Emission Benchmark

CAB Cleaner Air Borough
CAZ Central Activity Zone

EV Electric Vehicle

GLA Greater London Authority

LAEI London Atmospheric Emissions Inventory

LAQM Local Air Quality Management

LLAQM London Local Air Quality Management

NRMM Non-Road Mobile Machinery

PM<sub>10</sub> Particulate matter less than 10 micron in diameter PM<sub>2.5</sub> Particulate matter less than 2.5 micron in diameter

TEB Transport Emissions Benchmark

TfL Transport for London

## Introduction

This report outlines the actions that Croydon will deliver between 2017-2022 in order to reduce concentrations of pollution, and exposure to pollution; thereby positively impacting on the health and quality of life of residents and visitors to the borough.

It has been developed in recognition of the legal requirement on the local authority to work towards air quality objectives under Part IV of the Environment Act 1995 and relevant regulations made under that part and to meet the requirements of the London Local Air Quality Management statutory process<sup>4</sup>.

## 1 Summary of current air quality in Croydon

The UK Air Quality Strategy (AQS), released in July 2007, provides the overarching strategic framework for air quality management in the UK and contains national air quality standards and objectives established by the Government to protect human health. The AQS objectives take into account EU Directives that set limit values which member states are legally required to achieve by their target dates.

Croydon is meeting all of the national AQS objectives other than for the gas nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>). Croydon is meeting the current objectives for particulate matter (PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub>) but as this pollutant is damaging to health at any level, this remains a pollutant of concern.

Croydon has five continuous air quality monitoring stations located in London Road, Norbury; Norbury Manor school, Norbury; Wellesley road / Park lane and at fiveways junction, Purley Way. Details can be found at:

http://www.londonair.org.uk/london/asp/publicbulletin.asp?la\_id=8. Additional data from the London Atmospheric Inventory (LAEI) 2013 can be found at <a href="https://data.london.gov.uk/dataset/london-atmospheric-emissions-inventory-2013">https://data.london.gov.uk/dataset/london-atmospheric-emissions-inventory-2013</a>

For full details of current air quality in Croydon please review our Annual Status report which can be found the Love Clean Air website (<a href="http://lovecleanair.org/local-air/local-reporting/croydon-2/#">http://lovecleanair.org/local-air/local-reporting/croydon-2/#</a>.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> LLAQM Policy and Technical Guidance. https://www.london.gov.uk/what-we-do/environment/pollution-and-air-quality/working-boroughs

Figure 1 Modelled map of annual mean NO<sub>2</sub> concentrations (from the LAEI 2013)

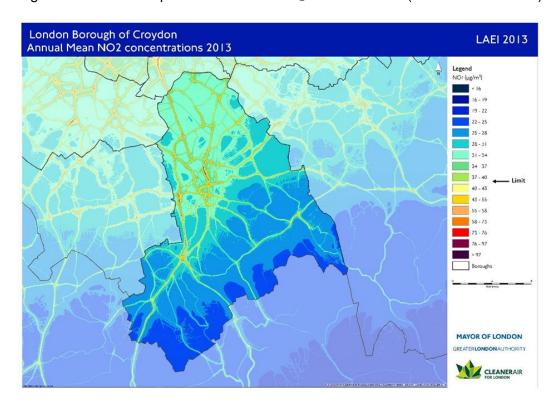
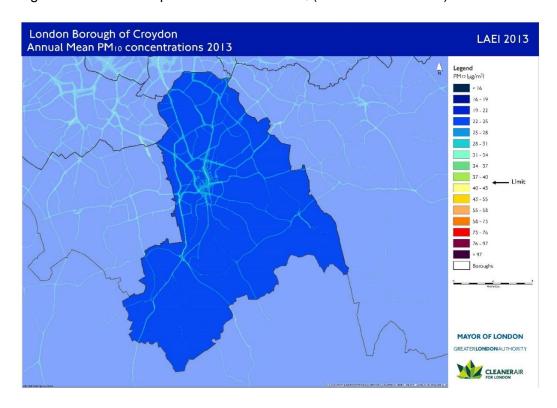


Figure 2 Modelled map of annual mean PM<sub>10</sub> (from the LAEI 2013)



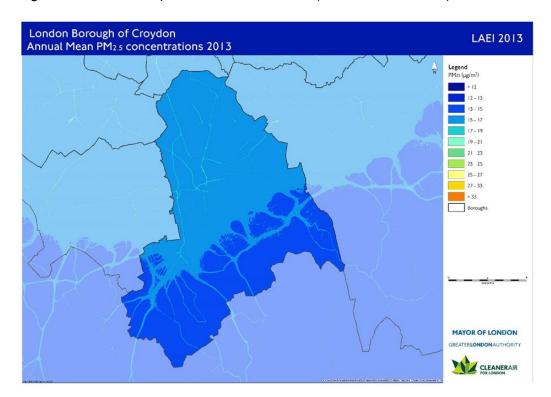


Figure 3 Modelled map of annual mean PM<sub>2.5</sub> (from the LAEI 2013)

## 1.1 AQMAs and Focus areas

In Croydon an Air Quality Management Area (AQMA) has been declared for the whole of the borough.

The AQMA has been declared for the following pollutant/s: Nitrogen dioxide because we are failing to meet the EU annual average limit for this pollutant at some of our monitoring stations and modelling indicates it is being breached at a number of other locations.

An air quality Focus Area is a location that has been identified as having high levels of pollution and human exposure. There are five focus areas in the borough. These are:

- London Road, Norbury
- Purley cross and Russell hill
- Thornton Heath / Brigstock road/ High street / Whitehorse lane
- London road between Thornton Heath pond and St James road
- Wellesley road

Focus Areas LAEI 2013 in Croydon

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Figure 4 Modelled map of air quality focus areas (from the LAEI 2013)

## 1.2 Sources of Pollution in Croydon

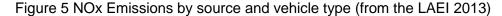
Pollution in Croydon comes from a variety of sources. This includes pollution from sources outside of the borough, and, in the case of particulate matter, a significant proportion of this comes from outside of London and even the UK.

Figures 5, 6 and 7 show the sources of pollution in the borough, they show that of the pollution that originates in the borough the main sources of  $NO_2$  are road transport at 60% with domestic and commercial gas heating at 26.20%, and NRMM (non-road mobile machinery) at 6.5%. The main sources of particulate matter are road transport at 55.8%, resuspension at 27.3% and 5.9% from NRMM

Croydon has a number of industrial sources in the borough these are known as Part B processes, there are a total of 75 processes in Croydon, the majority are made up of dry cleaners, petrol stations, one crematorium, one cement batching plant and two vehicle resprayers. There is an aggregate site which is enforced by the Environment Agency. In addition there is one Part A process, a gas powered energy plan which is enforced by the EA

Air quality can also be affected by the ongoing and future growth in central Croydon which is undergoing significant change. As more developments occur and the residential, working and visiting population increases they can create more pollution which needs to be managed. The value of developments and associated infrastructure works in central Croydon is estimated to be over £5.25 billion and the Council is providing over £300m of funding, known as the Growth

Zone programme for transport, public realm and social infrastructure to enable and support this growth. Much of the funding will be spent on improvements to public transport and enhancement to the streets to encourage more walking and cycling. In addition, the Growth Zone will ensure a range of schemes are put in place to reduce the impact of the construction using measures such as implementing construction & logistics plans, providing HGV holding areas, using technology to manage and regulate the flow of construction traffic entering the town centre, enhanced signing and wayfinding measures and promoting electric and environmentally friendly vehicles.



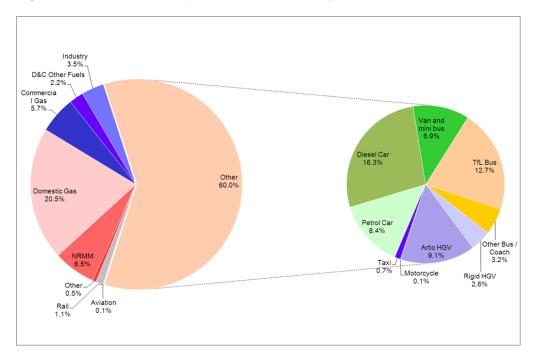
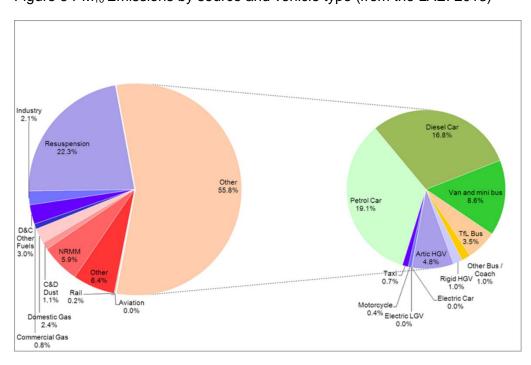


Figure 6 PM<sub>10</sub> Emissions by source and vehicle type (from the LAEI 2013)



D&C Other Fuels
4,1%
Commercia
1Gas
1,8%
1,8%
2,4,6%
C&D
Dust
10,2%

C&D
Dust
11,7%

Cab
Dust
10,3%

Cach
1,2%

C

Figure 7 PM<sub>2.5</sub> Emissions by source and vehicle type (from the LAEI 2013)

## 2 Croydon's Air Quality Priorities

In Croydon's Corporate plan the priorities set out are to create a welcoming, pleasant place in which local people want to live and work and to promote sustainable forms of transport and reducing reliance on the private car. This will bring environmental, social and health benefits. This action plan is aimed at delivering these priorities. The main air quality priorities are:

Tackling emissions from construction sites and construction vehicles through compliance with the Council's Town Centre Construction Logistics Plan. This includes setting up a construction consolidation centre to minimise congestion. Croydon town centre will see unprecedented development over the next few years with more than 50 developments proposed in central Croydon. The most significant risk to air quality are emissions produced by both construction sites and construction vehicles therefore a zonal CLP has been completed which sets out measures to manage, smooth, and communicate what is being done to ensure that existina visitors. residents businesses in the town centre can continue to function. These actions are essential is we are to keep Croydon 'business as usual' during these works.



- Tackling emissions due to servicing and freight vehicles, Croydon in conjunction with Lambeth, Southwark and Wandsworth are working to improve air quality by reducing the number of delivery vehicles travelling in to the borough. 17% of transport emissions are from vehicles associated with delivery and servicing. We are working with local business and retailers to find out how their goods and services are delivered currently and in the future and what issues they expect to encounter. The first phase of the project was to assess Croydon's current deliveries and this has led to reduced deliveries from every day to two days per week which equals to a 60% reduction. The next phase of the project is to investigate the introduction of a freight consolidation centre.
- To reduce exposure to air pollution and to raise awareness for residents and those who work in Croydon. It has been estimated that up to 40% of pollution in Croydon is from outside London and Europe therefore actions to reduce pollution in Croydon are limited therefore we need to engage with residents and businesses to reduce exposure to air pollution and to raise awareness to change people's behaviour by encouraging people to walk and cycle more. By working with Public Health we want to raise awareness through school projects, local community projects and local businesses.

## 3 Development and Implementation of Croydon's AQAP

## 3.1 Stakeholder Engagement

In developing/updating the action plan we have worked with other local authorities, agencies, businesses and the local community to improve local air quality. We carried out the following stakeholder engagement:

- Air quality summit
- Articles in local newsletter
- Information on the councils website
- Information on 'love clean air' website
- Email briefings to community and voluntary sector organisations
- Attendance at festivals
- Drop in events in Surrey Street
- Focus groups
- Online Survey
- Articles in 'Our Croydon'
- Plasma Screen in lift lobby
- Screen in Access Croydon

The first phase was an initial engagement / consultation exercise to discuss with residents, stakeholders etc to develop the actions to be included in the plan, which included the AQ summit. We wanted the opportunity to allow residents and local businesses to have say in development of the action plan. The plan has been updated to include the comments and recommendations. Results of the air quality survey can be found in Appendix A. Under Schedule 11 of the Environment Act 1995 requires local authorities to consult the bodies listed in Table 3.1 and the draft air quality action plan was consulted on for a further 8 weeks to those detailed below.

Table 3.1 Consultation to be undertaken for the final AQAP

Yes/No	Consultee
Yes	the Secretary of State
Yes	the Environment Agency
Yes	Transport for London and the Mayor of London (who will provide a joint response)
Yes	all neighbouring local authorities
Yes	other public authorities as appropriate
Yes	bodies representing local business interests and other organisations as appropriate
Yes	Residents and businesses

# 3.2 Steering Groups:

- Air quality steering group to meet up every 3 months to discuss progress on action plan
- South London Freight Consolidation Update Meeting monthly to discuss progress with the Low Emission Logistics Project
- Town Centre Construction Logistics Forum a bi-monthly forum brings together other teams and developers and businesses in Croydon
- Construction and Logistics Management Group meets Bi-monthly

# 4 AQAP Progress

Table 4.1 shows Croydon's AQAP. It contains:

- a list of the actions that form part of the plan;
- the responsible individual and departments/organisations who will deliver this action;
- estimated cost to the council;
- expected benefit in terms of emissions and concentration reduction;
- the timescale for implementation; and
- how progress will be monitored.

# Table 4.1 Air Quality Action Plan

The actions have been grouped into six categories: Emissions from developments and buildings; Public health and awareness raising; Delivery servicing and freight; Borough fleet actions; Localised solutions; and Cleaner transport.

Action category	Action ID	Action description	Responsibility	Cost	Expected emissions/ concentration s benefit	Timescale for implementation	How implementation will be monitored	Further information
Emissions from developments and buildings	1	Visit construction sites to ensure emissions from construction are minimised	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team Planning Enforcement	Existing Pollution Team budget Officer time Currently funded by LIP £35,000 & Growth Zone £10,000	Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable	Implementatio n ongoing	Officer visits to confirm compliance. Enforcement visits when complaints received. Update in Annual Statistics Report	Compliance with Planning conditions and compliance with the Council's Construction Code of Practice / Logistics Plan and the Council's zonal construction logistics plan
Emissions from developments and buildings	2	Monitor air quality in central Croydon during major construction works for the next 5-7 years to ensure emissions are minimised  Monitoring will commence in the second quarter of 2018 and the most appropriate equipment to be purchased for long term monitoring	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team Planning Enforcement	Existing Pollution Team budget Officer time Currently funded by LIP £35,000 & Growth Zone £10,000	Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable	Implementatio n ongoing	Update in Annual Status Report	Compliance with Planning conditions and compliance with the Council's Construction Code of Practice / Logistics Plan and the Council's zonal construction logistics plan

Emissions from	2	Enguring enforcement of	Landan Darayah af	Eviation	Benefits	Implementatio	Officer violts	Compliance
Emissions from	3	Ensuring enforcement of	London Borough of	Existing		Implementatio	Officer visits	Compliance with
developments		Non Road Mobile	Croydon Pollution	Pollution	potentially	n ongoing	to confirm	Planning
and buildings		Machinery (NRMM) air	Team	Team budget	significant and		compliance.	conditions and
		quality policies through	Planning enforcement		will be		Enforcement	compliance with
		officer visits			evaluated		visits when	the Council's
					reported in the		complaints	Construction
					annual status		received.	Code of
					report		Compliance:	Practice /
							All sites	Logistics Plan
							major sites	and the
							have a	Council's zonal
							planning	<u>construction</u>
							condition	logistics plan
							attached	
							requiring the	
							inclusion of	
							NRMM.	
							All sites	
							registered on	
							the NRMM	
							website will	
							be inspected	
							80%	
							compliance	
							with Admin	
							(sites	
							registering on	
							the NRMM	
							website)	
							80%	
							compliance	
							for technical	
							(equipment	
							compliance).	
							compliance).	
							In addition	
							regular visits	
							across the	
							borough will	

							be checked to ensure the sites have registered on the website	
Emissions from developments and buildings	4	Enforcing CHP and biomass air quality policies	London Borough of Croydon Planning Team Pollution Team	Existing Pollution Team budget Officer time	Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable	Implementatio n ongoing	Require all major development s to ensure compliance with the new London Plan for CHP. (Croydon do not recommend biomass) Update in the annual status report	Compliance with the new London Plan and the Council's Interim Policy Guidance on air quality
Emissions from developments and buildings	5	Enforcing Air Quality Neutral / Positive policies	London Borough of Croydon Planning Team Pollution Team	Existing Pollution Team budget Officer time	Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable	Implementatio n ongoing	We will ensure that all major development comply with conditions and statutory requirements in the new London Plan. Update in Annual Status Report	Compliance with the London Plan Council's Interim Policy Guidance on air quality
Emissions from developments and buildings	6	Ensuring adequate, appropriate, and well located green space and	London Borough of Croydon Strategic Planning	Existing Pollution Team budget	Benefits potentially	To implement policies from the London	Planning application / conditions	

		infrastructure is included in new developments.  Proposed Options: To ensure the Local Plan refers to the most up to date policy in the London Plan.	Pollution Team	Officer time	significant but unquantifiable	Plan in 2018/19	Update in Annual Status Report	
Emissions from developments and buildings	7	Ensuring that Smoke Control Zones are appropriately identified and fully promoted and enforced. Only half the borough has been designated a smoke control zone and there is a need to consider options to extend the area to the whole of the borough. Proposed Option: The proposed action is to consider the revision of the current smoke control order to cover the whole of the borough, subject to the necessary evidentiary basis and consultation requirements being complied with.	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team Legal Team	Existing Pollution Team budget Officer time	Medium AQ benefit	Initial Assessment to be carried out June 2018 Implementatio n to be considered following further consultation process	Annual Status Report  Air quality steering group	
Emissions from developments and buildings	9	Installation of Ultra Low Nox boilers Proposed Option: Include in procurement	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team Commissioning &	Medium	Medium AQ benefit	To review June 2108 (Kirsteen Sahed –	Update in Annual Status Report	
		•	procurement team			school and	•	

		policy that all new replacement boilers in Council buildings, maintained schools and Council housing properties should install ultra low NO <sub>x</sub> boilers.	District Centres and Regeneration Department			home improvement)	AQ Steering group	
Planning Policy	10	Supplementary Planning Document for Air Quality  To ensure the Local Plan refers to the most up to date policy in the Mayors London Plan & Environment Strategy.  To include the provision of green infrastructure for new schools on busy roads.  To ensure the Local Plan refers to the most up to date policy in the London Plan.  To include a requirement for construction sites to utilise new technology for diesel generators.	London Borough of Croydon Strategic Planning Pollution Team	Existing Pollution Team budget Officer time	Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable	Review March 2019	Update in Annual Status Report AQ Steering group	
Public health and awareness raising	11	Ensure that Directors of Public Health (DsPHs) have been fully briefed on the scale of the	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team	Existing Pollution Team budget Officer time	Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable	Quarterly meetings with PH carried out to discuss	Update in Annual Status Report & AQ	

		problem in your local authority area; what is being done, and what is needed. A briefing should be provided. Scrutiny Report provided to PH Regular updates provided when required	Croydon Public Health Team			progress with actions and to work together on joint plans for health and air quality measures.	steering group	
Public health and awareness raising	12	Public Health Teams should be supporting engagement with local stakeholders (businesses, schools, community groups and healthcare providers). They should be asked for their support via the DsPH when projects are being developed.	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team Croydon Public Health Team	Existing Pollution Team budget Officer time	Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable	PH team have agreed to assist in strategic planning on air quality and health	Update in Annual Status Report & AQ steering group	
Public health and awareness raising	13	Director of Public Health to have responsibility for ensuring their Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) has up to date information on air quality impacts on the population Proposed Option:  To include air pollution data to the list of PHOF indicators which are reviewed at senior management/cabinet level.	London Borough of Croydon Croydon Public Health Team Pollution Team	Existing Pollution Team budget Officer time	Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable	Director of Public Health agreed to consider including air pollution data to the list of PHOF indicators  To review June 2018	Update in Annual Status Report & AQ steering group	

Public health and awareness raising	14	Strengthening co- ordination with Public Health by ensuring that at least one Consultant- grade public health specialist within the borough has air quality responsibilities outlined in their job profile	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team Croydon Public Health Team	Existing Pollution Team budget Officer time	Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable	Confirmed that one public health specialist has been assigned air quality responsibilities and meet up quarterly to discuss actions going forward	AQ Steering group
Public health and awareness raising	15	Director of Public Health to sign off Statutory Annual Status Reports and all new Air Quality Action Plans	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team Croydon Public Health Team	Existing budget	Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable	Agreed by Director of Health	Update in Annual Status report & AQ Steering group
Public health and awareness raising	16	Ensure that the Head of Transport has been fully briefed on the Public Health duties and the fact that all directors (not just Director of Public Health) are responsible for delivering them, as well as on air quality opportunities and risks related to transport in the borough. Provide a briefing which can be disseminated amongst the Transport team.	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team Planning and Strategic Transport Croydon Public Health Team	Existing budget	Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable	Agreed and reviewed and AQ steering group Briefings provided when required	Update in Annual Status report  AQ Steering group
Public health and awareness raising	17	Promotion of availability of airTEXT Provision of airTEXT information for wider dissemination and to	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team Croydon Public Health Team	£1,000 per annum (text messages)	Low AQ benefit	Ongoing promotion at events such as National Clean Air day in June	Update in Annual Status report

		provide information on health effects of air pollution and actions being taken to reduce emissions and exposure through engagement with public health leads, CCG and other health professionals	Cambridge Environmental Research airTEXT consortium			2018 and on Love Clean Air website	South London air quality cluster group airTEXT consortium	
Public health and awareness raising	18	Expand the airTEXT service to provide information on health effects of air pollution and actions being taken to reduce emissions and exposure through engagement with public health leads, CCG and other health professionals	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team Croydon Public Health Team Cambridge Environmental Research airTEXT consortium	Low cost £1,000 per annum (text messages)	Low AQ benefit	To investigate with the consortium long term sustainable funding.	Update in Annual Status report airTEXT consortium	
Public health and awareness raising	19	Encourage schools to join the TfL STARS accredited travel planning programme by providing information on the benefits to schools and supporting the implementation of such a programme	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team Healthy Schools Planning and Strategic Transport	Low cost	Medium AQ benefit	To encourage 80% of schools to sign up to the TfL STARS scheme by 2018/2019	Update in Annual Status report AQ Steering group	
Public health and awareness raising	20	Air quality at schools  Promote sustainable travel to schools - working with schools to implement packages of measures to reduce	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team Healthy Schools Planning and Strategic Transport	Low cost (£3 - £5k)	Medium AQ benefit	Ongoing	5 schools per year  Annual Status report  AQ steering group	

		pollution and minimise exposure  Speak to Lewis Campbell re WOW  Add parking project						
Public health and awareness raising	21	Air quality at schools  To continue Clean air 4 Schools project. Target 5 schools each year. Train Travel Plan champions at schools to promote sustainable travel and carryout idling vehicle checks	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team Healthy Schools Planning and Strategic Transport	Low cost £15,000	Medium AQ benefit	Ongoing Aim to continue schools project approx. 5 per year subject to funding	Annual Status report AQ steering group	
Public health and awareness	22	Air quality at schools  Carry out air quality audits in primary schools located in the worst polluted areas in Croydon to help protect children from toxic air in the borough.  Measures include:  Moving school entrances and play areas to reduce exposure to busy roads.  'no engine' idling schemes to reduce harmful emissions during the school run	London Borough of Croydon  Pollution Team Healthy Schools Planning and Strategic Transport	Audit – Low cost  Implementati on – Medium to High dependant on measures required	Medium AQ benefit	Idling vehicle checks already completed at 3 schools during 2017.  Idling vehicle project as part of the City of London project carried out at one junior school in March 2018  Pilot project at 3 schools commenced September 2018.	Annual Status report AQ steering group	

Minimising emissions from boilers, kitchens and other sources.  Changes to local roads, including improved road layouts, restricting the most polluting vehicles round schools and pedestrianisation around school entrances  Green infrastructure such as 'barrier bushes' along busy roads and in playgrounds to help filter toxic fumes.  Improvements to encourage walking and cycling to school along less polluted routes		Restrictions in place that no vehicles may enter the restricted area between 8am and 9.30am and between 2.30 pm to 4pm – enforced through parking and FPN for non compliance.  Assessment to be carried out April 2018  2018/19 Further locations may be assessed for future schools.  AQ monitoring to be investigated to assess changes of air quality before and after restrictions in	

Public health and awareness raising	23	Cleaner Air Champions This project delivers a comprehensive volunteer programme to help tackle air quality issues by empowering local people to raise awareness and understanding of problems around air quality in London and promoting activities that people can undertake to help improve their local air quality.  Proposed option Support through funding to deliver a volunteer programme to tackle local air quality measures. Funding will be sought through DEFRA, MAQS and section 106	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team Healthy Schools Croydon Public Health Team	Medium cost	Medium AQ benefit	To train 5 – 10 air quality champions to deliver volunteer programme at 4 events per year	Annual status report  AQ steering group	
Delivery servicing and freight	24	To review policies to ensure sustainable logistical measures are implemented (and include requirements for preferentially scoring bidders based on their sustainability criteria)  Action:  To agree a policy statement and evaluation criteria.	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team Commissioning and Procurement Team Strategic Transport team	Existing budgets	Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable at present to be reviewed	2019/20	Annual status report  AQ steering group	

		Would require 1 year to review the current contracts and agree a policy statement.						
Delivery servicing and freight	25	Re-organisation of freight to support consolidation (or microconsolidation) of deliveries, by setting up or participating in new logistics facilities, and/or requiring that council suppliers participate in these  Ongoing - Low Emission Logistics project. So far 60% reduction in delivery from one source achieved	London Borough of Croydon, Lambeth, Southwark and Wandsworth – Low Emission Logistics Pollution Team Strategic Transport team	Medium to high cost Some funding already available from MAQFs Future funding to be sought (TfL/ LiP)	Medium – High AQ benefits	Ongoing	So far 60% reduction in delivery from one source achieved.	
Delivery servicing and freight	26	Re-organisation of freight to support consolidation (or microconsolidation) of deliveries, by expanding the above action.  Proposed Option: Following completion of feasibility study to consider part funding with other South London Boroughs	London Borough of Croydon, Lambeth, Southwark and Wandsworth – Low Emission Logistics Pollution Team Strategic Transport team	Medium to high cost  Some funding already available from MAQFs  Future funding to be sought (TfL/LiP)	Medium – High AQ benefits	Feasibility study to consider part funding with other South London boroughs to deliver a Freight Consolidation Centre.2019/2 0	Review at LEL working group & Annual status report	

Delivery servicing and freight 27	Retiming of deliveries and servicing to be undertaken outside peak hours	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team	Existing budget	Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable	Ongoing working with TfL working group on retiming deliveries.  Code of Practice developed with measures to be applied across the borough where relevant	Review in annual status report	
Borough fleet actions 28	Develop options for the implementation of FORS Bronze for the Council's Passenger Transport operations.  Other Operational services to follow this pilot project	London Borough of Croydon  Pollution Team  Croydon Transport Services  All services which currently have fleet vehicles – either owned or leased	Officer time (CTS and service managers who have fleet responsibilities)  £5,700 for registration fee + 12 audits	Benefits potentially significant.  Validation assessment to be carried out to quantify benefits	Options developed and agreed by June 2018  Milestone dates from implementatio n plan	Council fleet and hired fleet to meet Quality Standard  Review milestone dates at Annual status report & AQ Steering group	Develop options for the implementation of FORS Bronze for the Council's Passenger Transport operations.  Other Operational services to follow this pilot project

Borough fleet actions	29	To review procurement policies to consider including a requirement for suppliers with large fleets to have attained Fleet Operator Recognition Scheme (FORS) accreditation	Corporate procurement Services with external contracts that have fleet requirements  Croydon Transport Services Strategic Transport team	There will be cost implications per contract let. To be assessed during review process	Benefits potentially significant. Validation assessment to be carried out to quantify benefits	To be reviewed in April 2018	Review at Annual status report & AQ Steering group	
Borough fleet actions	30	Utilising the Mayor's new Cleaner Vehicle Checker for the purchase of new fleet vehicles  Promote this service to local business and residents	Corporate procurement  Croydon Transport Services  Strategic Transport team  Pollution Team	Low cost	Medium AQ benefit	Review in 2018/19 number of new vehicles purchased	Review in the ASR And AQ steering group	
Borough fleet actions	31	Increasing the number of hydrogen, electric, hybrid, bio-methane and cleaner vehicles in the boroughs' fleet  Proposed Options:  To work towards a zero diesel fleet, following recommendations:		Medium / High Cost	High AQ benefit	To require 25% of council fleet / hired fleet to be ultra-low emission capable (i.e. electric, hybrid) by 2019  To require 75% of council fleet / hired fleet to be ultra low emission	Review at Annual status report & AQ Steering group	

						capable (i.e. electric, hybrid) by 2025  *this is subject to suitable infrastructure charging being available for Council vehicles" as without this, it will not be possible		
Borough fleet actions	32	Accelerate uptake of new Euro VI vehicles in borough fleet.	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team Croydon Transport Services Strategic Transport team Commissioning and procurement Team	Medium / High Cost	High AQ benefit	All council fleet and hired fleet vehicles to meet Euro VI emission standards by 2019 in line with the Mayor's ULEZ	Review at Annual status report & AQ Steering group	
Borough fleet actions	33	Smarter Driver Training for drivers of vehicles in Borough Own Fleet i.e. through training of fuel efficient driving and providing regular re- training of staff	Travel demand management programme for the Town centre	Low cost	Benefits potentially significant assessment to be carried out on the potential benefits	Assessment to be considered in 2018/19 Implementatio n following assessment 2019/20	Review at Annual status report & AQ Steering group	
Localised solutions	34	Green Infrastructure Proposed Option:  To install more green infrastructure along pavements to encourage	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team Planning Healthy Schools	Medium – high cost	Medium AQ benefit	To establish at least 4 green infrastructure installations Funding will be sought through	Review at Annual status report & AQ Steering group	

		more people to walk and cycle				planning conditions and section 106 contribution		
Localised solutions	35	Green Infrastructure Proposed Option:  To seek funding to install green screens at a number of existing schools.	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team Planning Healthy Schools	Medium – high cost	Medium AQ benefit	To establish at least 4 green infrastructure installations Funding will be sought through planning conditions and section 106 contribution	Review at Annual status report & AQ Steering group	
Localised solutions	36	Green Infrastructure Proposed Option:  To investigate providing more pocket parks in Croydon	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team Planning Healthy Schools	Medium – high cost	Medium AQ benefit	Feasibility study to investigate providing more pocket parks in Croydon 2018/19	Review at Annual status report & AQ Steering group	

Localised Solutions	37	Bonfires have been identified as a contributing factor to emissions of smoke and other pollutants. All of these pollutants can have health impacts, especially for people with breathing difficulties and those with heart problems. A typical garden bonfire will emit 2.8kg of particulate matter, 25kg of carbon monoxide, and 4.25kg of volatile compounds.  Proposed option: Ban on residential bonfires between 6am and sunset  This option considers the restriction of residential bonfires to times where they will have a minimal impact upon others.	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team	Low cost Existing budget for officer time and costs of Communicati ons	Medium AQ benefit	Further consultation on proposals for time restrictions to be carried out in 2018/19	Review at Annual status report & AQ Steering group	
Localised Solutions	38	Action Once the above action has been implemented to review after 2 years to assess the effectiveness of the action.	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team	Low cost Existing budget for officer time and costs of Communicati ons	Medium AQ benefit	Carry out a review in 2020/21 to consider an outright ban on bonfires  Further consultation to be carried out	Review at Annual status report & AQ Steering group	

Engagement with businesses	39	Ecostars for Private Hire Vehicles (PHVs)  The aim of the scheme is to have a positive impact on local air quality by supporting and encouraging operators of PHV's to reduce harmful NO2 emissions by reviewing operational fleet vehicles and management practices and advising on efficiency and environmental improvements  In addition the scheme reduces PM and CO2 emissions from vehicles and has economic benefit to vehicle operators.  Proposed Option: Set up Ecostars in Croydon to encourage PHVs to be cleaner and greener by 2025 and to encourage the take up of diesel free vehicles	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team	Medium cost	Medium AQ benefit	Set up Ecostars in Croydon to encourage PHVs to be cleaner and greener by 2025 and to encourage the take up of diesel free vehicles	Review at Annual status report & AQ Steering	
Cleaner transport	40	Discouraging unnecessary idling by taxis, coaches and other vehicles (e.g. through anti-idling campaigns or enforcement activity)	London Borough of Croydon Pollution Team	Low cost	Medium AQ benefit  Quantification of benefits to be investigated	Carry out idling vehicle awareness raising at hotspot areas such as taxi ranks and bus stands and	Review at Annual status report & AQ Steering	

		Use of vehicle idling				schools -		
		powers where appropriate and				ongoing		
		awareness raising of increased pollution				Dependent on funding the		
		through vehicle idling				aim is to train		
		Proposed Option: Carry out idling vehicle				at least 10 air quality		
		awareness campaign at				champions to		
		hotspot areas such as taxi ranks and bus				carry out enforcement		
		stands and schools				patrols:		
						Awareness		
						raising checks.		
						2 x 5 officers to carry 4 to 6		
						visits per year.		
						More if resources		
						allow.		
						In addition we		
						will continue to carry out		
						reactive visits,		
						approx. 12 per year as and		
Claanar	44	Chand control managers	Landon Darqueb of	C4 000 000	Donofito	when required	Dovious et	
Cleaner transport	41	Speed control measures e.g. lowering the legal	London Borough of Croydon	£1,000,000	Benefits potentially	Timescales are for the	Review at Annual status	
		speed limit to 20mph in built up residential areas	Highways improvements		significant but unquantifiable	area 3, 4 and	report & AQ Steering	
			Strategic Transport		diquantinable	5 to be decided upon	Clooning	
		Current proposal is to take 20mph limits to	team			at the TMAC		
		three remaining areas of				meeting in		
		the borough – North-						

		west, South-east and South-west Croydon.				May 2017 and completion of all the remaining areas by June of 2018.		
Cleaner transport	42	Increasing the proportion of electric, hydrogen and ultra low emission vehicles in Car Clubs	London Borough of Croydon Strategic transport team		Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable	To include in procurement policy to increase electric and ultra low emission vehicles in car clubs 2019/20  To provide public car club bays with electric charging points by 2019/20	Review at Annual status report & AQ Steering	
Cleaner transport	43	Very Important Pedestrian Days (e.g. no vehicles on certain roads on a Sunday) and similar initiatives	London Borough of Croydon Strategic transport Pollution Team	Medium cost	Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable	Support local communities to increase the number of pedestrian days in the Borough via Air Quality Champions 2019/20	Review at Annual status report & AQ Steering	

Cleaner	44	Installation of residential	London Borough of	Medium cost	Benefits	Installation of	Review at	
transport		electric charge points	Croydon		potentially	public and	Annual status	
			Strategic Transport		significant but	residential	report & AQ	
					unquantifiable	electric charge	Steering	
						points		
						Croydon will		
						be extending		
						the network of		
						public		
						charging		
						points for		
						electric cars		
						and vans,		
						having signed		
						the 'Source		
						London'		
						network		
						agreement		
						with Blue Point		
						London in		
						October 2017.		
						A first 30		
						locations are		
						planned for		
						installation by		
						2019 and		
						another 30-50		
						by 2022. Other		
						government		
						grants and Section 106		
						planning or		
						Local		
						Implementatio		
						n Plan funds to		
						contribute to		
						charging		
						points in		
						Politics III		

						residential roads without off-street parking.		
Cleaner transport	45	Installation of rapid chargers to help enable the take up of electric taxis, cabs and commercial vehicles (in partnership with TfL and/or OLEV)	London Borough of Croydon Strategic Transport	Medium cost	Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable	There are currently two rapid charging points. A further 3-4 public sites are to be installed by early 2018, subject to approval, with a further 5-10 likely by 2022.	Review at Annual status report & AQ Steering	
Cleaner transport	46	Trial ultra low emission vehicles in commercial setting	London Borough of Croydon and Sutton Transport Team	Medium cost	Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable	Croydon and Sutton have been awarded additional money as part of the Go Ultra Low City scheme to provide five electric vans and trucks. Confirmed for 2017-18	Review at Annual status report & AQ Steering	

Cleaner	47	Reprioritisation of road	London Borough of	Medium High	Benefits	This project is	Review at	
transport		space; reducing parking at some destinations and or restricting parking on congested high streets and A roads to improve bus journey times, cycling experience, and reduce emissions caused by congested traffic.	Croydon Transport	cost	potentially significant but unquantifiable	ongoing and will proceed to other main routes focusing on the main eastwest and north-south routes including any new Quietways.	Annual status report & AQ Steering	
Cleaner transport	48	Cycle Route Signs Road signs are being put up for cycle routes from the Infrastructure Delivery Plan. First part completed January 2017 – "Avenue Verte" – part of the London Paris route	London Borough of Croydon Transport	Low to medium cost	Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable	Cycle Route Improvement s Road improvements for walking and cycling routes are being identified and an implementatio n schedule is being drawn up	Review at Annual status report & AQ Steering	
Cleaner transport	49	Provision of infrastructure to support walking and cycling Cargo Trikes The Croydon BID Ambassadors, and enterprises are due to be loaned a branded cargo trike for three years. The aim is to	London Borough of Croydon Transport	Low to Medium cost	Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable	Ongoing to be reviewed in 2018/19	Review at Annual status report & AQ Steering	

		demonstrate the viability of these zero-emission delivery vehicles and provide a visible presence of cycling around the town						
Cleaner transport	50	On-street cycle storage A phased programme of installing Sheffield stands on the street in key locations. (Implementation to be reviewed May 2018)  Off-street cycle storage Sites are being identified on the LBC housing estates and at pubs, cafes and other destinations with public access for cycle storage, including Sheffield stands, sheds and secure hangers. A larger programme will be drawn up once these are in place. (Implementation date to be reviewed May 2018	London Borough of Croydon Transport	Low cost	Benefits potentially significant but unquantifiable	To be reviewed may 2018	Review at Annual status report & AQ Steering	

# Appendix A: Air quality survey results

# 599 respondents accessed the campaign

Step 1:1.00-1:						
How important do you think the issue of air qua	How important do you think the issue of air quality is in Croydon?					
This single response question was answered by	356 respondents	<b>5.</b>				
Response	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents				
Not important	10	2.81%				
Fairly important	25	7.02%				
Important	49	13.76%				

Very important	269	75.56%
Don't know	3	0.84%
* * *	1 -	1

## Step 1:2.00-1:

How strongly do you agree or disagree that the following measures are included in the planning process to improve air quality?

(Development of supplementary guidance for developers to improve air quality)

This single response question was answered by 334 respondents.

Response	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents
	1-0	15 = 10/
Strongly agree	156	46.71%
Agree	107	32.04%
Neither agree nor disagree	51	15.27%
Disagree	5	1.50%
Strongly disagree	15	4.49%
Step 1:2.00-2:		

How strongly do you agree or disagree that the following measures are included in the planning process to improve air quality?

(Incorporation of green infrastructure (such as trees, plant walls/screens) into new developments)

This single response question was answered by 334 respondents.

Response	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents
Strongly agree	229	68.56%
Agree	69	20.66%
Neither agree nor disagree	13	3.89%
Disagree	12	3.59%
Strongly disagree	11	3.29%

#### Step 1:2.00-3:

How strongly do you agree or disagree that the following measures are included in the planning process to improve air quality?

(Continued improvement of control of dust, smoke and emissions at construction sites)

This single response question was answered by 334 respondents.

Response	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents		
Strongly agree	204	61.08%		
Agree	88	26.35%		
Neither agree nor disagree  Disagree	19 11	5.69%		
Strongly disagree	12	3.59%		
Step 1:2.00-4:  How strongly do you agree or disagree that the following measures are included in the planning process to improve air quality?  (Reduction of emissions from freight deliveries )  This single response question was answered by 334 respondents.  Response  Number of Percentage Respondents of				
Strongly agree	212	Respondents 63.47%		
Agree	71	21.26%		

Neither agree nor disagree	24	7.19%
Disagree	13	3.89%
Strongly disagree	14	4.19%

## Step 1:3.00-1:

Smoke control zones are areas in which only certain types of fuel or exempt appliances can be used. In Croydon, only the northern half of the borough has been designated a smoke control zone. We are proposing to extend the zone to the whole of the borough in line with Croydon's Air Quality Management Area.

How strongly do you agree or disagree that the smoke control zone should be extended across the whole borough?

This single response question was answered by 326 respondents.

Response	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents
Strongly agree	163	50%
Agree	73	22.39%
Neither agree nor disagree	41	12.58%

Disagree	17	5.21%
Strongly disagree	32	9.82%

## Step 1:4.00-1:

How strongly do you agree or disagree with the council undertaking the following awareness raising and engagement projects?

#### (Provide air pollution alerts)

This single response question was answered by 322 respondents.

Response	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents
Strongly agree	177	54.97%
Agree	89	27.64%
Neither agree nor disagree	41	12.73%
Disagree	7	2.17%
Strongly disagree	8	2.48%

# Step 1:4.00-2:

How strongly do you agree or disagree with the council undertaking the following awareness raising and engagement projects?

(Improve air quality awareness at schools)  This single response question was answered by 322 respondents.		
Response	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents
Strongly agree	180	55.90%
Agree	92	28.57%
Neither agree nor disagree	32	9.94%
Disagree	12	3.73%
Strongly disagree	6	1.86%
How strongly do you agree or disagree with the the following awareness raising and engagement (Provide cleaner air champions that raise aware community)  This single response question was answered by Response	nt projects?	ty in the

Strongly agree	126	39.13%
Agree	78	24.22%
Neither agree nor disagree	73	22.67%
Disagree	31	9.63%
Strongly disagree	14	4.35%

## Step 1:5.00-1:

How strongly do you agree or disagree with the council taking measures to clean their own vehicle fleet and contractor fleet by setting tighter emission limits for new vehicles?

This single response question was answered by 318 respondents.

Response	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents
Strongly agree	216	67.92%
Agree	69	21.70%
Neither agree nor disagree	20	6.29%
Disagree	8	2.52%

Strongly disagree	5	1.57%

#### Step 1:6.00-1:

Bonfires create substantial amounts of smoke and other pollutants. We are considering various options to control bonfires. Which of the following options do you think the council should choose? (There will be exemptions for cultural events)

#### (Ban between 6am and 8pm)

This single response question was answered by 312 respondents.

Response	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents
Yes	173	55.45%
No	106	33.97%
Don't Know	33	10.58%

#### Step 1:6.00-2:

Bonfires create substantial amounts of smoke and other pollutants. We are considering various options to control bonfires. Which of the following options do you think the council should choose? (There will be exemptions for cultural events)

# (Complete ban)

This single response question was answered by 313 respondents.

Response	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents
Yes	113	36.10%
No	170	54.31%
Don't Know	30	9.58%

## Step 1:6.00-3:

Bonfires create substantial amounts of smoke and other pollutants. We are considering various options to control bonfires. Which of the following options do you think the council should choose? (There will be exemptions for cultural events)

#### (Take no action)

This single response question was answered by 312 respondents.

Response	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents
Yes	58	18.59%
No	225	72.12%
Don't Know	29	9.29%

#### Step 1:7.00-1:

The idling of engines when stationary contributes to local air pollution and damages people's health. We are running events to educate people about the issues of idling and encouraging motorists to switch of when stationary.

How strongly do you agree with the council taking this action at hot spot locations such as schools, taxis and bus stands within the borough?

This single response question was answered by 311 respondents.

Response	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents
Strongly agree	197	63.34%
Agree	67	21.54%
Neither agree nor disagree	25	8.04%
Disagree	15	4.82%
Strongly disagree	7	2.25%

#### Step 1:8.00-1:

The healthy streets initiative includes many proposals such as walking, cycling, and planting of trees and green screens to encourage people to walk and cycle more and to improve people's health.

How strongly do you agree or disagree with the council's proposals to make Croydon's streets healthier?

This single response question was answered by 310 respondents.

Response	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents
Strongly agree	208	67.10%
Agree	65	20.97%
Neither agree nor disagree	23	7.42%
Disagree	7	2.26%
Strongly disagree	7	2.26%

Table A.1 Summary of Responses to Consultation and Stakeholder Engagement on the AQAP (this will be updated to include the results of the consultation in the final action plan)

Consultee	Category	Response
e.g. Chamber of Commerce	Business	e.g. Disagree with plan to remove parking on High Street in favour of buses and cycles; consider it will harm business of members.

# Appendix B Reasons for Not Pursuing Action Plan Measures

Table B.1 Action Plan Measures Not Pursued and the Reasons for that Decision (this will be updated to include the results of the consultation in the final action plan)

Action category	Action description	Reason action is not being pursued (including Stakeholder views)
Emissions from developments and buildings	Complete table for all Action Matrix measures that will not be pursued.	Add a 2-3 sentence summary for each action
Public health and awareness raising		
Delivery servicing and freight		
Borough fleet actions		
Localised solutions		
Cleaner transport		